



# SAS A00-420

## SAS VIYA INTERMEDIATE PROGRAMMING CERTIFICATION QUESTIONS & ANSWERS

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### Exam Summary – Syllabus – Questions

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**A00-420**

**SAS Certified Specialist - Intermediate Programming Using SAS Viya**

**65-70 Questions Exam – 71% Cut Score – Duration of 110 minutes**

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## Know Your A00-420 Certification Well:

The A00-420 is best suitable for candidates who want to gain knowledge in the SAS Programming. Before you start your A00-420 preparation you may struggle to get all the crucial SAS Viya Intermediate Programming materials like A00-420 syllabus, sample questions, study guide.

But don't worry the A00-420 PDF is here to help you prepare in a stress free manner.

The PDF is a combination of all your queries like-

- What is in the A00-420 syllabus?
- How many questions are there in the A00-420 exam?
- Which Practice test would help me to pass the A00-420 exam at the first attempt?

Passing the A00-420 exam makes you SAS Certified Specialist - Intermediate Programming Using SAS Viya. Having the SAS Viya Intermediate Programming certification opens multiple opportunities for you. You can grab a new job, get a higher salary or simply get recognition within your current organization.

## A00-420 SAS Viya Intermediate Programming Certification Details:

<b>Exam Name</b>	SAS Viya Intermediate Programming
<b>Exam Code</b>	A00-420
<b>Exam Duration</b>	110 minutes
<b>Exam Questions</b>	65-70
<b>Passing Score</b>	71%
<b>Exam Price</b>	\$180 (USD)
<b>Training</b>	<a href="#">Accelerating SAS Code on the SAS Viya Platform</a> <a href="#">SAS Programming High-Performance Data Processing with CASL in SAS Viya</a>
<b>Books</b>	<a href="#">Programming for SAS® Viya®</a> <a href="#">SAS® Programming High-Performance Data Processing with CASL in SAS® Viya®</a>
<b>Exam Registration</b>	<a href="#">Pearson VUE</a>
<b>Sample Questions</b>	<a href="#">SAS Viya Intermediate Programming Certification Sample Question</a>
<b>Practice Exam</b>	<a href="#">SAS Viya Intermediate Programming Certification Practice Exam</a>

## A00-420 Syllabus:

Objective	Details
<b>Programming in SAS Viya Concepts (5-10%)</b>	
<b>Describe the SAS Viya architecture.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compute Server vs. Cloud Analytics Server (CAS)</li> <li>- Serial vs parallel processing</li> <li>- In-memory processing</li> <li>- Open source integration</li> </ul>
<b>Explain when to use the CAS server for programming tasks.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Size of data</li> <li>- Type of SAS procedure used</li> </ul>
<b>Managing Data with CAS Enabled Procedures (10-15%)</b>	
<b>Explain how to access and use CAS Libraries (caslibs).</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Establish CAS sessions with the CAS statement.</li> <li>- Caslib attributes (Session, local, active, personal)</li> <li>- Properties of the casuser caslib</li> <li>- Use the CASLIB statement to assign session-scope caslibs</li> <li>- Assign a libref to a caslib with the LIBNAME statement and CAS engine</li> <li>- View the contents of a caslib with PROC CASUTIL</li> </ul>
<b>Describe how to load data into In-Memory Tables.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Load data files into memory</li> <li>- Client-side vs server-side files</li> <li>- Loading client-side data (PROC CASUTIL)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LOAD DATA= statement</li> </ul> </li> <li>- In-memory table scope (Session vs Global, promoting tables)</li> <li>- Loading server-side data sources (PROC CASUTIL)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• LOAD CASDATA= statement</li> <li>• ALTERNATE statement</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Alternate data loading methods (DATA step, PROC SQL, PROC IMPORT)</li> </ul>
<b>Describe how to save and drop In-Memory Tables.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- SASHDAT files</li> <li>- PROC CASUTIL (SAVE and DROPTABLE statements)</li> </ul>
<b>Describe CAS column data types.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Properties of character column variable types                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CHAR</li> <li>• VARCHAR()</li> <li>• Determine when to use CHAR vs VARCHAR()</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Properties of numeric column variable types</li> </ul>

Objective	Details
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DOUBLE</li> <li>• INT32</li> <li>• INT64</li> </ul> <p>- Create varchar column variables with the LENGTH statement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determine appropriate column data types for example data</li> </ul>
<p><b>DATA Step and SQL programming in CAS (10-15%)</b></p>	
<p><b>Explain how SAS determines where code executes.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Location of the input/output data</li> <li>- What procedures are being run</li> <li>- What statements/functions are used</li> <li>- SESSREF= option on the DATA statement</li> <li>- SESSREF= option within FedSQL</li> <li>- MSGLEVEL= system option</li> </ul>
<p><b>Explain threading within the SAS DATA step.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Where code executes: CAS, Compute Server</li> <li>- Effect of threads on the DATA step</li> <li>- _THREADID_ and _NTHREADS_ automatic variables</li> <li>- SINGLE= DATA step option</li> <li>- Adjust DATA Step code when accumulating totals</li> <li>- Explain how BY groups are processed in CAS enabled DATA step code</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Relationship between the distribution of threads and BY GROUP variables</li> <li>• DATA step BY GROUP processing and sorting</li> </ul>
<p><b>Update DATA step code to run in CAS.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- DESCENDING keyword</li> <li>- WHERE= option</li> <li>- INFILE/INPUT/DATALINES statements</li> <li>- MODIFY/REMOVE/REPLACE statements</li> <li>- DATALIMIT= option</li> <li>- Functions not supported in CAS (Examples: RANBIN, RANUNI, SYMGET, FILEREF, GIT functions)</li> </ul>
<p><b>Update PROC SQL code to run as PROC FEDSQL code.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Data types</li> <li>- Supported statements</li> <li>- Mnemonics vs operators</li> <li>- SESSREF= option</li> <li>- Rmerge</li> <li>- Calculated keyword</li> <li>- SET operations</li> <li>- Correlated subqueries</li> <li>- Dictionary tables</li> <li>- Views</li> <li>- LIMIT clause</li> </ul>

Objective	Details
	- FORMAT, LABEL vs PROC CASUTIL ALTERNATE CASDATA statement
<b>CAS-Enabled Procedures and User Defined Formats (5-10%)</b>	
<b>Identify common procedures that run only on the Compute Server.</b>	- PROC FREQ and UNIVARIATE - SG Graphics procedures
<b>Use common procedures that run in both the CAS and Compute Server.</b>	- How SAS determines where the procedure runs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Location of the input/output data</li> <li>• Which functions/options are used in the code</li> </ul> - PROC MEANS & PROC SUMMARY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Common Supported Statements: CLASS/BY/VAR/WHERE/FORMAT</li> <li>• Common Supported Statistics: N, NMISS, MIN, MAX, RANGE, MEAN, SUM, STDERR, VAR)</li> <li>• Common Unsupported Statistics: MEDIAN, MODE, percentiles</li> </ul> - PROC TRANSPOSE - BY GROUP processing in CAS - Use the log file to identify where code executed
<b>Use Common summary procedures that run only in CAS.</b>	- PROC FREQTAB <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TABLE statement</li> <li>• BY statement</li> </ul> - PROC MDSUMMARY <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• VAR statement</li> <li>• OUTPUT statement</li> <li>• GROUPBY statement</li> </ul>
<b>Discuss how user-defined formats are used and stored in CAS.</b>	- Location where formats are stored within CAS - Saving formats to caslibs with the CASFMLIB= option - Save formats to and retrieve from permanent SASHDAT files with a CAS statement - Assigning formats to in-memory tables
<b>CAS Language Basics (15-20%)</b>	
<b>Describe the CASL programming language.</b>	- Action Sets - Actions - Parameters - Statements

Objective	Details
<b>Create and manipulate CASL variables.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- CASL variables vs. SAS variables</li> <li>- CASL Variable Data Types (int32, int64, double, string)</li> <li>- DESCRIBE statement</li> <li>- PRINT statement</li> <li>- Built-in functions vs common functions</li> </ul>
<b>Use arrays in CASL programs.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Define arrays               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Array element data types</li> <li>• Nested arrays</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Retrieve values from arrays</li> <li>- Array operators (  , &amp;, /, ==)</li> <li>- Array functions (DIM, SORT, SORT_REV)</li> <li>- Use DO-OVER loops to process arrays</li> </ul>
<b>Use dictionaries in CASL programs.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Define dictionaries</li> <li>- Retrieve values from dictionaries with bracket and dot notation</li> <li>- Retrieve nested dictionary values with dot notation</li> <li>- Use DO-OVER loops to process dictionaries</li> </ul>
<b>Capture the results returned from CAS actions.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Capture results from CAS actions as variables/objects/dictionaries</li> <li>- Verify the return status to check for a successful action</li> <li>- Use DO-OVER loops to process the rows of a result table</li> <li>- Save results tables:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• to In-memory tables with the SAVERESULT statement</li> <li>• to caslib data sources with the table.save action</li> <li>• to SAS data sets with the SAVERESULT statement</li> <li>• to CSV files with the SAVERESULT statement</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Use source blocks in CASL programs.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identify when SOURCE blocks are required for code substitution</li> <li>- use SOURCE blocks for DATA step and FedSQL code substitutions</li> <li>- Use SOURCE blocks for code substitution in the computedVarsProgram= parameter of CAS actions</li> </ul>
<b>Access Data with CAS Actions (5-10%)</b>	
<b>Use CAS actions to access and explore data sources.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Create caslibs with the table.addCaslib action</li> <li>- View available caslib information with the table.caslibInfo action</li> <li>- View data source files information with the table.fileInfo action</li> <li>- Load server side files into memory with the table.loadTable action</li> <li>parameters: path, caslib, casOut, importOptions</li> </ul>

Objective	Details
<p><b>Use CAS actions to manage in-memory tables.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- View in-memory table information with the table.tableInfo action</li> <li>- Load client side files into memory with the table.upload action                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• parameters: path, casOut</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Explain how database files load into memory with data connectors</li> <li>- Promote in-memory tables</li> <li>- Save tables with table.save                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• parameters caslib= and table=</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Remove tables from memory with the table.dropTable action</li> </ul>
<p><b>Explore and Validate Data with CAS actions(5-10%)</b></p>	
<p><b>Investigate in-memory data table properties and contents.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Table action set                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• columnInfo action</li> <li>• fetch action (parameters table=, fetchVars=, sortBy=, from=, to=)</li> <li>• WHERE clause</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Simple action set                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• numRows action</li> <li>• distinct action</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Identify duplicate values within in-memory table variables                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• deduplication.deduplicate action</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Compare table values with expected values to identify data that does not comply with business rules</li> </ul>
<p><b>Investigate results table properties and contents.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Access results tables property values (nrows, ncols, name, title, attrs)</li> <li>- Create an array from a single results table column</li> <li>- Use functions with results table content (SUM, EXISTS)</li> <li>- Filter results tables with the WHERE operator</li> <li>- Create computed columns with the COMPUTE operator</li> </ul>
<p><b>Prepare Data with CAS Actions (20-25%)</b></p>	
<p><b>Update the contents of in-memory tables with the table.update action.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- table= and set= parameters                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• WHERE= subparameter</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Use arrays of dictionaries as values for the set= parameter</li> <li>- Use IFC and IFN functions to use conditional logic when</li> </ul>



Objective	Details
	updating tables - Benefits and considerations of the table.update action
<b>Create a copy of in-memory tables with the table.copyTable action.</b>	- table= and casOut= parameters to define input and output data sets - computedVars= parameter to set column attributes - computedVarsProgram= parameter to set column values - Benefits and considerations of the table.copyTable action - Promoting the copied table
<b>Convert character to numeric columns.</b>	- Convert character to numeric columns with the inputn function - Use informats - Cast data types and the CAST function
<b>Use data preparation action sets.</b>	- dataStep action set <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• runCode action</li> <li>• RunCodeTable action</li> </ul> - fedSQL action set <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• execDirect action</li> <li>• CREATE TABLE, SELECT, DROP TABLE</li> <li>• query= parameter</li> </ul>
<b>Modify table attributes with the table.alterTable action.</b>	- Update table attributes with rename=, label= parameters - Change included columns with keep=, drop= parameters - Change column attributes with the columns= parameter
<b>Resolve missing values in tables with the dataPreprocess action set.</b>	- Use the impute action to impute missing values <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• inputs= parameter</li> <li>• copyAllVars= parameter</li> <li>• MethodInterval= &amp; valuesInterval= parameters</li> <li>• treatment of nominal and continuous variables</li> </ul>
<b>Transpose tables with the transpose.transpose action</b>	- table= and casOut= to specify input and output tables <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• groupBy= subparameter to specify by groups</li> </ul> - parameters: transpose, ID=, NAME=, IDLABEL=, PREFIX=
<b>Analyse and Summarize Data with CAS Actions (5-10%)</b>	
<b>Summarize data with CAS actions.</b>	- Produce summary statistics with the simple.summary action <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• table= and casOut= parameters</li> <li>• inputs= parameter</li> <li>• subSet= parameter</li> </ul>

Objective	Details
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Produce summary statistics with the aggregation.aggregate action                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• table= and casOut= parameters</li> <li>• varSpecs= parameter                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- name=, subset=, agg= subparameters</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>- Produce summary statistics with the dataPreprocess.rustats action                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• table=, inputs=, RequestPackages=, casOutStats= parameters</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Create one-way and two-way frequency tables                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• simple.freq                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- table= and inputs= parameters</li> </ul> </li> <li>• freqTab.freqTab                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- table= and tabulate= parameters</li> <li>- vars= and cross= subparameters</li> </ul> </li> <li>• simple.crossTab                                     <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- table=, row=, col=, aggregator=, weight= parameters</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<p><b>Create Visualizations and Reports.</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Run CAS actions to produce summarized or subsets of results tables</li> <li>- Use visualization procedures to produce graphics from summarized results tables</li> <li>- Use SAS Output Delivery System (ODS)                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CSVALL, EXCEL, POWERPOINT, RTF, PDF destinations</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## SAS A00-420 Sample Questions:

### Question: 1

You want to use the MEANS procedure to summarize data using the CAS server. Which statement is true?

- a) Statistics that are supported by PROC MEANS are also supported on the CAS server.
- b) You must specify a CAS engine libref with the input table name.
- c) You must sort the data before using BY-group processing on the CAS server.
- d) All PROC MEANS statements are supported for CAS processing.

**Answer: b**

**Question: 2**

Which PROC CASUTIL step suppresses error messages if the table is not found in-memory?

- A. 

```
proc casutil;
  droptable casdata="class" incaslib="casuser" quiet;
quit;
```
- B. 

```
proc casutil quiet;
  droptable casdata="class" incaslib="casuser";
quit;
```
- C. 

```
proc casutil;
  droptable casdata="class" incaslib="casuser" force;
quit;
```
- D. 

```
proc casutil force;
  droptable casdata="class" incaslib="casuser";
quit;
```

- a) Option A
- b) Option B
- c) Option C
- d) Option D

**Answer: a**

**Question: 3**

Given the following SAS program?

```
caslib _all_ assign;
proc sgplot data=casuser.cars;
vbar Make;
run;
```

What will the program do?

- a) Produce an error because the SGPLOT procedure cannot access the CAS table.
- b) Execute the SGPLOT procedure on the CAS server.
- c) Summarize the results in CAS and process the summarized results on the Compute Server.
- d) Transfer the data to the Compute Server and then execute the SGPLOT procedure.

**Answer: d**

**Question: 4**

Which DATA step function is supported in CAS?

- a) SYMGET
- b) CATX
- c) FILEREF
- d) RANUNI

**Answer: b**

**Question: 5**

The regnm format has been created and stored in an CAS format library. Which program associates the format regnm with the region column in the orders table?

- a) `proc casutil;`  
`load data=work.orders casout="orders" outcaslib="public";`  
`format region regnm.;`  
`quit;`
- b) `proc casutil;`  
`load data=work.orders casout="orders" outcaslib="public"`  
`format=yes;`  
`format region regnm.;`  
`quit;`
- c) `proc casutil;`  
`format region regnm.;`  
`load data=work.orders casout="orders" outcaslib="public"`  
`format=yes;`  
`quit;`
- d) `proc casutil;`  
`format region regnm.;`  
`load data=work.orders casout="orders" outcaslib="public";`  
`quit;`

**Answer: d**

**Question: 6**

The dataPreprocess.impute action performs data matrix (variable) imputation. Which imputation methods can be used?

- a) MIDRANGE, MODE, RANDOM, VALUE
- b) MIDRANGE, MODE, RANDOM, CUSTOM
- c) MODE, RANDOM, VALUE, CUSTOM
- d) MIDRANGE, RANDOM, VALUE, CUSTOM

**Answer: a**

**Question: 7**

Which statement is true about SAS Viya?

- a) It contains the SAS launcher server, which is the primary server for processing big data.
- b) It supports only single-threaded DATA step processing.
- c) It can employ multiple servers to execute programs.
- d) Its primary interface for submitting programs is the SAS Windowing Environment.

**Answer: c**

**Question: 8**

Which table.update parameter specifies the column to update?

- a) Assign
- b) Update
- c) Set
- d) ComputedVars

**Answer: c**

**Question: 9**

Which CASL program will fetch all 428 rows from the cars table?

- a) 

```
proc cas;
table.fetch /
table={name="cars", caslib="casuser"},
from=1,
to=1000;
quit;
```
- b) 

```
proc cas;
table.fetch /
table={name="cars", caslib="casuser"},
from=1,
to=_all_;
quit;
```
- c) 

```
proc cas;
table.fetch /
table={name="cars", caslib="casuser"},
from=1,
to=_maxrows_;
quit;
```
- d) 

```
proc cas;
table.fetch /
table={name="cars", caslib="casuser"},
from=1;
quit;
```

**Answer: a**

**Question: 10**

Which action from the table action set lists the files in a caslib's data source?

- a) tableInfo
- b) fileInfo
- c) tableDetails
- d) caslibInfo

**Answer: b**

## Study Guide to Crack SAS Viya Intermediate Programming A00-420 Exam:

- Getting details of the A00-420 syllabus, is the first step of a study plan. This pdf is going to be of ultimate help. Completion of the syllabus is must to pass the A00-420 exam.
- Making a schedule is vital. A structured method of preparation leads to success. A candidate must plan his schedule and follow it rigorously to attain success.
- Joining the SAS provided training for A00-420 exam could be of much help. If there is specific training for the exam, you can discover it from the link above.
- Read from the A00-420 sample questions to gain your idea about the actual exam questions. In this PDF useful sample questions are provided to make your exam preparation easy.
- Practicing on A00-420 practice tests is must. Continuous practice will make you an expert in all syllabus areas.

### Reliable Online Practice Test for A00-420 Certification

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