

EXIN PDPF Certification Q & A

**EXIN PRIVACY AND DATA PROTECTION CERTIFICATION QUESTIONS
& ANSWERS**

Exam Summary – Syllabus – Questions

PDPF

[EXIN Privacy and Data Protection Foundation](#)

40 Questions Exam – 65% Cut Score – Duration of 60 minutes

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Know Your PDPF Certification Well:

The PDPF is best suitable for candidates who want to gain knowledge in the EXIN Data Protection and Security. Before you start your PDPF preparation you may struggle to get all the crucial Privacy and Data Protection materials like PDPF syllabus, sample questions, study guide.

But don't worry the PDPF PDF is here to help you prepare in a stress free manner.

The PDF is a combination of all [your queries like-](#)

- What is in the PDPF syllabus?
- How many questions are there in the PDPF exam?
- Which Practice test would help me to pass the PDPF exam at the first attempt?

Passing the PDPF exam makes you EXIN Privacy and Data Protection Foundation. Having the Privacy and Data Protection certification opens multiple opportunities for you. You can grab a new job, get a higher salary or simply get recognition within your current organization.

EXIN PDPF Privacy and Data Protection Certification Details:

Exam Name	EXIN Privacy and Data Protection Foundation
Exam Code	PDPF
Exam Price	\$228 (USD)
Duration	60 mins
Number of Questions	40
Passing Score	65%
Schedule Exam	<u>Pearson VUE</u>
Sample Questions	<u>EXIN PDPF Sample Questions</u>
Practice Exam	<u>EXIN PDPF Certification Practice Exam</u>

PDPF Syllabus:

Topic	Details	Weights
Privacy & Data Protection Fundamentals and Regulations - 47.5%		
Definitions	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - define privacy. - relate privacy to personal data and data protection. - describe the context of Union and Member state law 	7.5%
Personal data	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - define personal data according to the GDPR. - make a distinction between personal data and special categories of data, like sensitive personal data. - describe the data subject's rights regarding personal data. - define processing of personal data that falls within the scope of the GDPR. - list the roles, responsibilities and stakeholders in the GDPR. 	17.5%
Legitimate grounds and purpose limitation	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - list the six legitimate grounds for processing. - describe the concept of purpose limitation. - describe proportionality and subsidiarity. 	5%
Further requirements for legitimate processing of personal data	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the requirements for legitimate data processing. - describe the purpose of personal data processing. - explain the principles relating to processing of personal data. 	5%
Rights of data subjects	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the rights regarding data portability and the right of inspection. - describe the right to be forgotten. 	2.5%

Topic	Details	Weights
Personal data breach and related procedures	The candidate can... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the concept of personal data breach. - explain procedures on how to act when a personal data breach occurs. - give examples of categories of personal data breaches. - describe the difference between a security breach (incident) and a personal data breach. - list relevant stakeholders that should be informed in case of a personal data breach 	10%
Organizing data protection - 35%		
Importance of data protection for the organization	The candidate can... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - list the different types of administration (GDPR Article 28 & Article 30). - indicate what activities are required to comply with the GDPR. - define data protection by design and by default. - give examples of personal data breaches. - describe the personal data breach notification obligation as laid down in the GDPR. - describe enforcement of the rules by issuing penalties including administrative fines. 	12.5%
Supervisory authority	The candidate can... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the general responsibilities of a supervisory authority. - describe the role and responsibilities of a supervisory authority related to personal data breaches. - describe how a supervisory authority contributes to the application of the GDPR. 	7.5%
Personal data transfer to third countries	The candidate can... <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the regulations that apply to data transfer inside the EEA. 	7.5%

Topic	Details	Weights
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the regulations that apply to data transfer outside the EEA. - describe the regulations that apply to data transfer between the EEA and the USA. 	
Binding corporate rules and data protection in contracts	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the concept of binding corporate rules (BCR). - describe how data protection is formalized in contracts between the controller and the processor. - describe the clauses of such a contract. 	7.5%
Practice of data protection - 17.5%		
Data protection by design and by default related to information security	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the benefits of data protection by design and by default. - describe the seven principles of data protection by design 	5%
Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA)	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - outline what a DPIA covers and when to do a DPIA. - mention the eight objectives of a DPIA. - list the topics of a DPIA report. 	5%
Personal data in use	<p>The candidate can...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - describe the purpose of data lifecycle management (DLM). - explain data retention and minimization. - describe what a cookie is and what its purpose is. - describe the right to object to the processing of personal data for the purpose of direct marketing, including profiling. 	7.5%

EXIN PDPF Sample Questions:

Question: 1

A shopkeeper wants to register how many visitors enter his shop every day. A system detects the MAC- address of each visitor's smartphone. It is impossible for the shopkeeper to identify the owner of the phone from this signal, but telephone providers can link the MAC-address to the owner of the phone. According to the GDPR, is the shopkeeper allowed to use this method?

- a) No, because the telephone's MAC-address must be regarded as personal data.
- b) No, because the telephone providers are the owners of the MAC-addresses.
- c) Yes, because the shopkeeper cannot identify the owner of the telephone
- d) Yes, because the visitor has automatically consented by connecting to the Wi-Fi

Answer: a

Question: 2

When personal data are processed, who is ultimately responsible for demonstrating compliance with the GDPR?

- a) Supervisory authority
- b) Processor
- c) Data protection officer (DPO)
- d) Controller

Answer: d

Question: 3

A breach of security that leads to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorized disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed. What is the exact term that is associated with this definition in the GDPR?

- a) Confidentiality violation
- b) Personal data breach
- c) Security breach
- d) Security incident

Answer: b

Question: 4

Which data subject right is explicitly defined by the GDPR?

- a) Personal data must always be erased if the data subject requests this.
- b) A copy of personal data must be provided in the format requested by the data subject
- c) Personal data must always be changed at the request of the data subject.
- d) Access to personal data must be provided free of charge for the data subject.

Answer: d

Question: 5

The GDPR does not define privacy as a term but uses the concept implicitly throughout the text. What is a correct definition of privacy as implicitly used throughout the GDPR?

- a) The fundamental right to protection of personal data, regardless of how it was obtained
- b) The right not to be disturbed by uninvited people, nor being followed, spied on or monitored
- c) The right to respect for one's private and family life, home and personal correspondence
- d) The right to freedom of opinion and expression and to seeking, receiving and imparting information

Answer: c

Question: 6

According to the principle of purpose limitation, data should not be processed beyond the legitimate purpose defined. However, further processing is allowed in a few specific cases, provided that appropriate safeguards for the rights and freedoms of the data subjects are taken.

For which purpose is further processing not allowed?

- a) For archiving purposes in the public interest
- b) For direct marketing and commercial purposes
- c) For generalized statistical purposes
- d) For scientific or historical research purposes

Answer: b

Question: 7

Organizations are obliged to keep a number of records to demonstrate compliance with the GDPR. Which record is not obligatory according to the GDPR?

- a) A record of all intended processing together with the processing purpose(s) and legal justifications
- b) A record of data breaches with all relevant characteristics, including notifications
- c) A record of notifications sent to the supervisory authority regarding processing of personal data
- d) A record of processors including personal data provided and the period this data can be retained

Answer: c

Question: 8

A security breach has occurred in an information system that also holds personal data. According to the GDPR, what is the very first thing the controller must do?

- a) Ascertain whether the breach may have resulted in loss or unlawful processing of personal data
- b) Assess the risk of adverse effects to the data subjects using a data protection impact assessment (DPIA)
- c) Assess whether personal data of a sensitive nature has or may have been unlawfully processed
- d) Report the breach immediately to all data subjects and the relevant supervisory authority

Answer: a

Question: 9

A natural or legal person, public authority, agency or other body which, alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and means of the processing of personal data. Which role in data protection is defined here?

- a) Controller
- b) Processor
- c) Supervisory authority
- d) Third party

Answer: a

Question: 10

Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed. Which data processing principle is described here?

- a) Purpose limitation
- b) Fairness and transparency
- c) Accuracy
- d) Data minimization

Answer: d

Study Guide to Crack EXIN Privacy and Data Protection PDPF Exam:

- Getting details of the PDPF syllabus, is the first step of a study plan. This pdf is going to be of ultimate help. Completion of the syllabus is must to pass the PDPF exam.

- Making a schedule is vital. A structured method of preparation leads to success. A candidate must plan his schedule and follow it rigorously to attain success.
- Joining the EXIN provided training for PDPF exam could be of much help. If there is specific training for the exam, you can discover it from the link above.
- Read from the PDPF sample questions to gain your idea about the actual exam questions. In this PDF useful sample questions are provided to make your exam preparation easy.
- Practicing on PDPF practice tests is must. Continuous practice will make you an expert in all syllabus areas.

Reliable Online Practice Test for PDPF Certification

Make CertFun.com your best friend during your EXIN Privacy and Data Protection Foundation exam preparation. We provide authentic practice tests for the PDPF exam. Experts design these online practice tests, so we can offer you an exclusive experience of taking the actual PDPF exam. We guarantee you 100% success in your first exam attempt if you continue practicing regularly. Don't bother if you don't get 100% marks in initial practice exam attempts. Just utilize the result section to know your strengths and weaknesses and prepare according to that until you get 100% with our practice tests. Our evaluation makes you confident, and you can score high in the PDPF exam.

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